

Orthopedics MiniOSCE 020

Special thanks to:

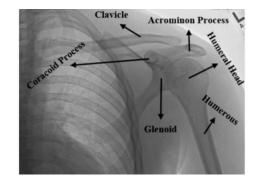
1st month: Insaf Al Ammouri Fawzi Qadoomi Bayan Shiekh Ali

2nd month: Ala'a Mutaz Noor Sufian

3rd month: past papers so not mentioned again

1st Month-Summer Semester

- 1) Name the pointed structures:
- a)acromion
- b)Coracoid
- c)glenoid



- 2) Identify the following fractures:
- a) Femur neck fracture
- b) Colle's fracture
- c) compression stress fracture





C

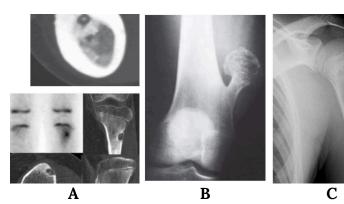
- 3) DDH of 1 month old baby
 - Name these tests
- a) barlow's b) ortolani
 - Best imaging modality for this age : ultrasound



В

4)Identify these lesions:

- a) osteoid osteoma
- b) osteochondroma
- c) simple bone cyst



5) Hypotensive patient came to ER after RTA:

- Identify this fracture open book fracture
- What is the immediate step you would do?
 ABCDE with iv fluid resuscitation + pelvic binder



6) Scenario: basketball injury, couldn't continue the game, immediate swelling

- Most likely diagnosis ACL injury
- Best physical test Lachmann test

7) RTA pt open wound fracture

- Immediate management ABCDE
- Wound management irrigation, antibiotics, anti tetanus, analgesia
- 8) Mother concerned about her 11 year old daughter
- Most likely diagnosis: idiopathic adolescent scoliosis*
- Name of the test: Adam's forward bending test



9) child presented to ER with fever, irritability, inability to bear weight:

- Workup CBC, CRP, ESR, joint aspirate culture
- Management IV antibiotic (augmentin, cephalosporin), drainage



10) Fracture

- Type of reduction (anatomical, functional) anatomical
- Type of stabilization (absolute, relative) absolute

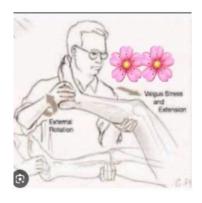


11) Trauma, pain, redness, not responding to analgesia

- Diagnosis compartment syndrome
- Management Fasciotomy

12)

- what is the name of this test McMurry test
- what anatomical structure is tested medial meniscus

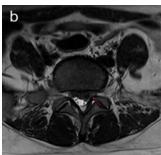


13)

- a) Diagnosis Disc herniation
 - b) Pathoanatomical features

Thickening of legamentum flavum + Pas articularis defect (not sure)





14)

• Diagnosis rickets

• Management calcitrol, calcium, vit D



15)

- Identify the pointed angle acetabular index angle
- What is the upper limit of this angle?

30 degree < 6 months and 25 degree > 6 months

• Name other markers for DDH screening Hilgenreiner's, Perkin's and shelton line

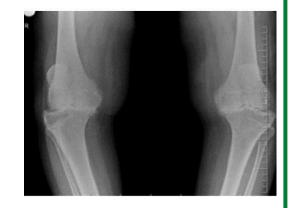


16)

• Symptoms of this patient other than pain??

swelling, stiffness and trouble moving the affected joint, lossof range of motion

• Possible complications after TKR infection, bleeding, PE, DVT



- Diagnosis Patello- femoral syndrome
- Management conservative (NSAIDS/rest/ice/....)



18)

- Diagnosis ganglion cystGive one differential lipoma



19) what are the structures examined in these images:

1. **FDS** 2.**FDP**



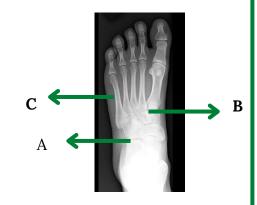
20) name the pointed dermatomes:

L2,L4,L5



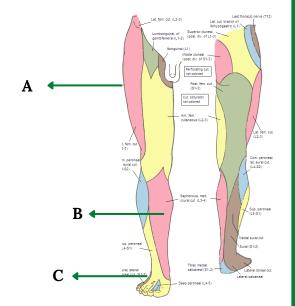
2nd Month-Summer semester

- 1) Name the bones in the foot:
- A) cuboid
- B) medial cuniform
- c) 5th metatarsal bone



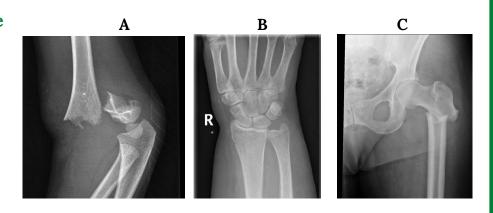
2)name the innovation of lower limb:

- A) lateral cutaneous nerve of the thigh
- B) saphenous nerve C) superficial peroneal nerve

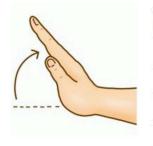


3) Name of the fractures:

A)suprachonndyler fracture B)cheuffer fracture C)subtrochanteric fracture



- 4) Name of innovation in the following:
- A) radial nerve
- B) common peroneal nerve





A

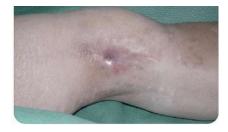
5) child comes to ER, can't bear wt, sever pain ,he was febrile:

investigations: CBC,ESR,CRP....
Management: antibiotics, drainage



6) old age patient with history of DM, distal Femur fracture 6 months ago presented by dischar:

diagnosis: osteomyelitisInvestigations: CBC, ESR,.....



7)

Name of the deformities : CAVETreatment :Serial ponsetti cast



8) Mother concerned about her 11 year old daughter:

- Most likely diagnosis: idiopathic adolescent scoliosis*
- Name of the test: Adam's forward bending test



9)

- Mechanism of action: Cox 1 and cox 2 inhibitors
- 2 side effects: nausea, vomiting, Gi symptoms....



10) RTA accident with the following fracture:

• type of reduction : functional

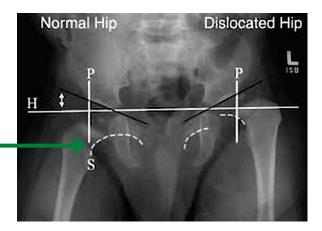
• Type of fixation : relative



11)

- Name line: shenton line
- Risk factors: female,

family history, breech dilevary



12)

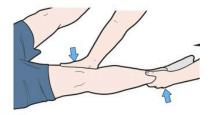
- identity lesion : osteochondroma
 Describe lesion : pendiculated , well defined



13)

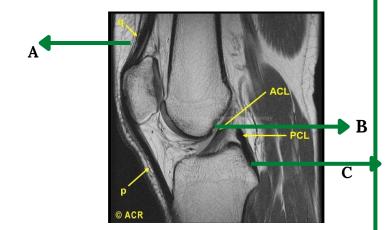
- name this test? Varus stress test
- **Tested structure? LCL**





14) name the pointed structures:

- A) Quadriceps tendon B)ACL C) PCL



15) basketball player fell on ankle in this position:

A) Diagnosis: ankle sprain!!
B) treatment: rest, ice, compression, elevation



16) comminuted tibial fracture, pain

• Diagnosis: compartment syndrome

• Which compartment ? Posterior (حسب الصورة)

• Treatment : fasciotomy

17) RTA open wound

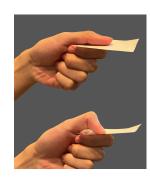
• initial management: ABCDE

• Management to prevent infection: irrigation, antibiotic, analgesia, anti tetanus

18)

• Name of this test: forments test

• Narve tested: Ulnar



19) 51 year old female present with hip pain :

• diagnosis: osteoarthritis

• Best Surgical treatment? Total hip replacement



20) old lady present with back pain (2 MRI image)

• Diagnosis : disc herniation

 Name the pathological changes (in second image -I couldn't find it -)!!!!



Sumayah Al-Kasaji مساهم بارز



Question 1:

Compression fractures in an 80-year-old female.

- A- What is the diagnosis?
- B- What is the most likely underlying bone pathology?



14 أعجبني رد تم التعديل

Sumayah Al-Kasaji ي مساهم بارز



Question 2:

An X-ray image showing an open book fracture of the pelvis.

- A- What is the diagnosis?
- B- What is the immediate next step in management?



14 أعجبني رد



Question 3:

Scoliosis in a 13-year-old patient.

- A- What is the diagnosis?
- B- Name the clinical test to evaluate this condition.



ي مساهم بارز Sumayah Al-Kasaji



Question 4:

An X-ray image of the hand.

Identify the bones labeled on the X-ray:

Capitate Hamate

Scaphoid



رد

Sumayah Al-Kasaji مساهم بارز



Question 5:

A clinical scenario describes a child presenting to the Emergency Room with fever, irritability, and inability to bear weight.

- A- What is the necessary workup?
- B- How to manage this patient?
- C- Mention one potential complication if this condition is left untreated.



14 أعجبني رد ٠

عساهم بارز **Sumayah Al-Kasaji** Question 6:

Identify the muscles being examined:

A- FDP

B-FDS



14 أعجبني رد

Sumayah Al-Kasaji مساهم بارز



An X-ray image shows fractures of the tibia and fibula.

- A- What is the type of reduction required?
- B- What is the type of fixation required?





تم التعديل

أعجبني رد

Sumayah Al-Kasaji مساهم بارز



Question 8:

A clinical image depicts a swelling on the hand, consistent with a ganglion cyst.

- A- What is the diagnosis?
- B- Mention one differential diagnosis for this condition.



تم التعديل رد

أعجبني

Sumayah Al-Kasaji عساهم بارز

Question 9:

An X-ray image shows a slipped vertebra.

A- What is the diagnosis?

B- What is the grade?



14 أعجبني رد

Sumayah Al-Kasaji ي مساهم بارز

Question 10:

Two fractures are presented.

Classify the fractures using the Salter-Harris classification.

A- Type 2

B- Type 3



14 أعجبني رد عرض المزيد من الردود

Sumayah Al-Kasaji عساهم بارز



Question 11:

An X-ray of a 14-year-old athlete is presented. Showing Osgood Schlatter.

- A. What is the diagnosis?
- B. How would you manage this patient?



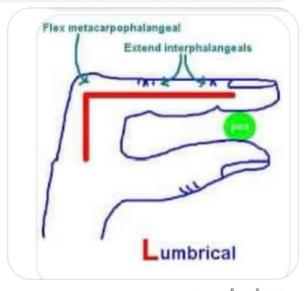
14 أعجبني رد

Sumayah Al-Kasaji عساهم بارز



Question 12:

- Quootion 12.
- A. Which muscle is responsible for this action?
- B. What is the nerve supply to this muscle?



14 أعجبني رد ·

Sumayah Al-Kasaji ي مساهم بارز

Question 13:

Name two radiological findings:

A. Codman triangle

B. Sunburst sign



14 أ عجبني رد

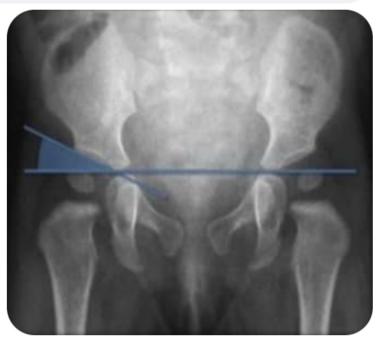
Sumayah Al-Kasaji ع مساهم بارز



Question 14:

Given this X-ray of a 4-month-old girl.

- A. Identify the pointed angle.
- B. What is the upper limit of this angle?
- C. Name other measurements used for DDH screening.



14 أعجبة، رد

Sumayah Al-Kasaji مساهم بارز

Question 15:

Name the dermatomes corresponding to the pointed areas shown in the image.

A- L2

B- L3

C- L4



Sumayah Al-Kasaji عساهم بارز

Question 16:

A clinical scenario suggests compartment syndrome.

A. What is the next step in management?

B. Name two signs of this condition.



14 أعجبني رد ٠

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Question 17:

Name the tests shown in the images:

- A. Empty can test
- B. Patrick (FABER) test





14 أعجبني رد

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Question 18:

Name the fractures shown in the X-rays:

A. Monteggia fracture

В.

C.



14 أعجبني رد

Mohammad Alakhrass Sumayah Al-Kasaji



C. Bimalleolar ankle fracture



14 أعجبني رد تم التعديل

Sumayah Al-Kasaji عساهم بارز



Question 19:

A patient who has undergone total knee replacement surgery presents with tachypnea, tachycardia, and signs suggesting pulmonary embolism (PE).

- A- What is the immediate step in management?
- B- Name two additional complications associated with TKR.





14 أعجبني

Sumayah Al-Kasaji عساهم بارز



Question 20:

A patient presents with an open fracture and hypotension.

- A. What is the immediate next step in management?
- B. Name one complication of open fractures.







Aya Kotkot

Lejan Aldofaat

Colles fracture ,Galeazzi, Subtrochanteric femur

Sensation of the thigh

Sensation of the foot

Wrist extension -nerve?

Plantar Flexion -nerve?

External fixator and 2 disadvantages?

Spinal canal stenosis what are the pathological changes?

Plantar fasciitis and its management

Asking about pointed structures in the knee!

Pcl I think

Lateral collateral

Medial meniscus

Compartment Syndrome, which compartment involved and its management?

Hip OA? Radiological changes?refractory to conservative, best treatment?

Congenital talipes, what are the features? Management?

Name of device ?tourniquet

Why? Max time used?

Lachman test? Positive means?

Fracture asking about the type of reduction and fixation?

Open fracture, what's the classification according to Gustilo? Management to prevent infection?

Rickets diagnosis? What to give medications?

Alendronate, MOA? 2 SE?

A boy presented with knee swelling, pain, fever, what's your Dx? Labs?

A case of post op osteomyelitis, Dx? Labs?

Describe what you see? A picture of osteochondroma

Forment's sign? Which nerve is being tested?





1

رد

10 أ أعجبني

مساهم ممتاز Nisreen Al-hamawi Lejan Aldofaat

صورة لل osteochondroma طلب وصف الها صورة ل radial styloid fracture وشو نوع reduction و ال stabilisation لالها صورة لل wrist extension و wrist extension

صورة ل forment test وشو العصب المسؤول حالة chronic osteomyelitis حالة septic arthritis

حالة compartment syndrome

وشو مضارها Circular External fixation صورة Lachman test

صورة club foot

10 أ أعجبني رد

+1 كاتب مسؤول Lejan Aldofaat Ortho-7

4 أ أعجبني رد

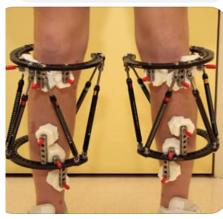
مساهم صاعد **Ayham Al-Qawasmeh** Asked about C6, C8, T1





10 أ أعجبني رد تم التعديل

Aya Kotkot Lejan Aldofaat Name and 2 disadvantages?



10 أ أعجبني رد









1ي أعجبني رد

Shahed Atiyat مسؤول 🛊 مساهم صاعد



Lejan Aldofaat

Q1:

An X-ray image showing an open book fracture of the pelvis.

- A- What is the diagnosis?
- B- What is the immediate next step in management?



۱۷ س أعجبني رد

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Q2:

An X-ray image of the hand. Identify the bones labeled on the X-ray:

۱۷ س أعجبني رد

Shahed Atiyat مسؤول 🛊 مساهم صاعد



Q3:

Two fractures are presented.

Classify the fractures using the Salter-Harris classification.

- A- Type 2
- B- Type 3

١٧ س أعجبني رد



Q4:

An X-ray of a 14-year-old athlete is presented. Showing Osgood Schlatter.

- A. What is the diagnosis?
- B. How would you manage this patient?



أعجبني

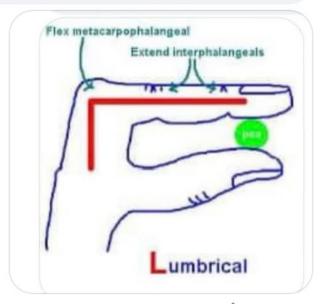
Shahed Atiyat مسؤول 🛊 مساهم صاعد



Q5:

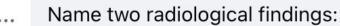
A. Which muscle is responsible for this action?

B. What is the nerve supply to this muscle?



۱۷ س أعجبني

Shahed Atiyat مسؤول 🛊 مساهم صاعد Q6:



A. Codman triangle

B. Sunburst sign



Shahed Atiyat مسؤول 🛊 مساهم صاعد

Q6:

Name two radiological findings:

- A. Codman triangle
- B. Sunburst sign



Shahed Atiyat مسؤول 🛊 مساهم صاعد



Q7:

A clinical scenario describes a child presenting to the Emergency Room with fever, irritability, and inability to bear weight (septic arthritis)

- A- How and when to manage this patient?
- C- Mention 2 potential complications if this condition is left untreated.

۱۷ س أعجبني رد تم التعديل

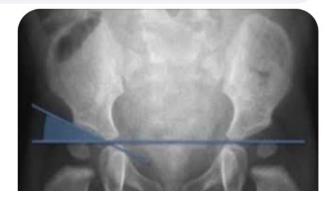
Shahed Atiyat مسؤول 🛊 مساهم صاعد



Q8:

Given this X-ray of a 4-month-old girl.

- A. Identify the pointed angle.
- B. Name other measurements used for DDH screening.
- C. Management?



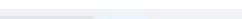
Q9:

Name the dermatomes corresponding to the pointed areas shown in the image.

A- L2

B- L3

C- L5

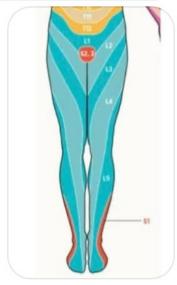


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Q12:

X-ray for a 70 yo female patient with scoliosis..

- 1. Type of scoliosis? Degenerative Scoliosis
- 2. Next step? MRI

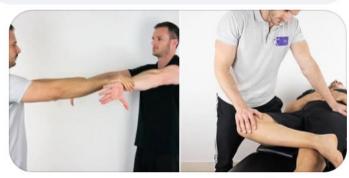


Shahed Atiyat مسؤول 🛊 مساهم صاعد Q10:

Name the tests shown in the images:

A. Empty can test

B. Patrick (FABER) test



۱۷ س أعجبني

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Q11:

A patient presents with an open fracture and hypotension.

- A. What is the immediate next step in management?
- B. Gustilo classification?
- C. Name one complication of open fractures.

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Q13:

A.

B. 2 Indication for using this?

C. Complications?



أعجبني ۱۷ س

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Case scenario indicating ACL injury...

A. Diagnosis? ACL injury

B. Test to do? Lachman test

۱۷ س أعجبنى رد

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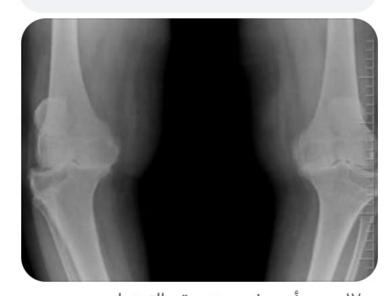
Q15:

Q14:

Osteoarthritis case..

A. 2 X-ray findings?

B. Treatment?





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Q16:

Tibial plateau fracture x-ray

A. Type of reduction? Anatomical

B. Type of stability? Absolute



١٧ س أعجبني رد

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Q17:

1. Diagnosis?

2. What is the affected structure?



١٧ س أعجبني رد تم التعديل

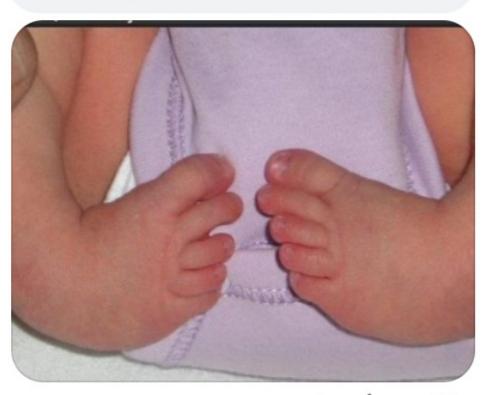
۱۱ س اعجبي رد تم انتعدين

Shahed Atiyat مسؤول 🛊 مساهم صاعد

Q18: club foot case

A. What is the following deformity?

- B. Is it congenital?.
- C. Management?



۱۷ س أعجبني رد

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Q19:

A. Diagnosis? SCFE

B. Treatment?





