Identify the following structures

I-Kidney

- a) Medulla (pyramids)
- b) Cortex
- c) Renal column
- d) Renal papillae
- e) Minor calyces
- f) Major calyces
- g) Renal pelvis
- h) Renal lobe
- i) Renal lobule
- j) Segmental artery
- k) Lobar artery
- l) Inter-lobar artery
- m) arcuate artery
- n) interlobular artery
- o) Renal artery
- p) Renal Vein
- q) Relation of the kidneys
- r) Peritoneal covering of the kidneys

II -Ureter

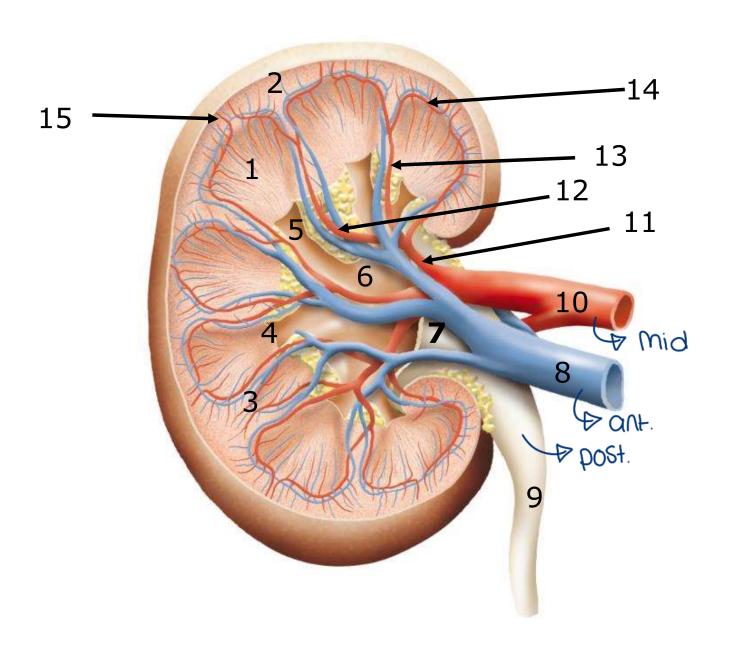
- a) Ureter with its relations
- b) Site of normal constrictions of the ureters

III-Urinary Bladder

- a) Surfaces and relations of the urinary bladder
- b) Interior of urinary bladder
- c) Ligaments of urinary bladder

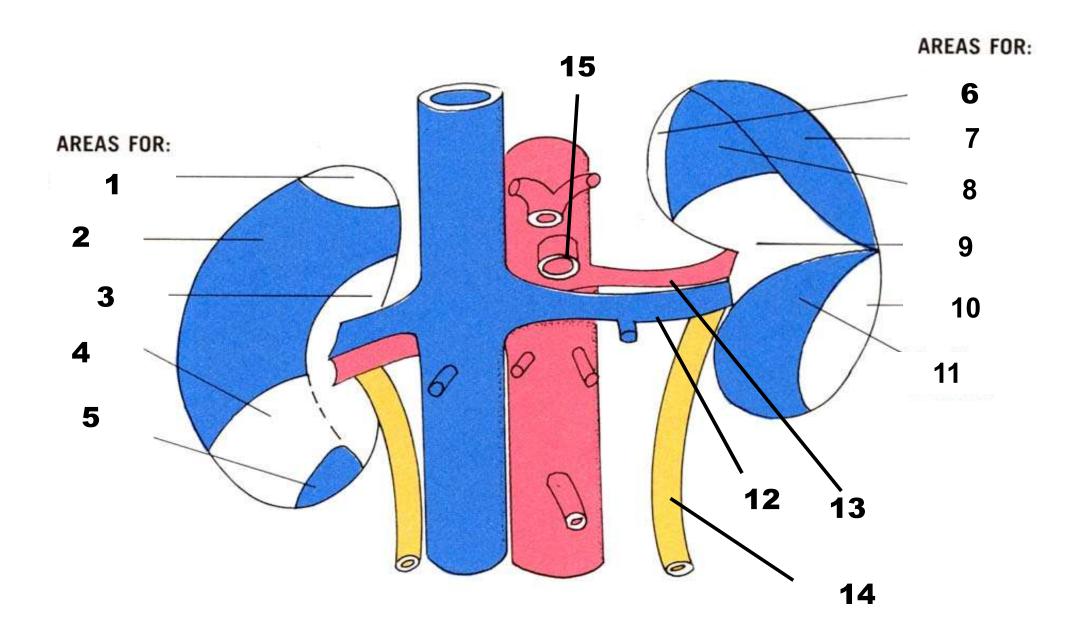
IV- Urethra

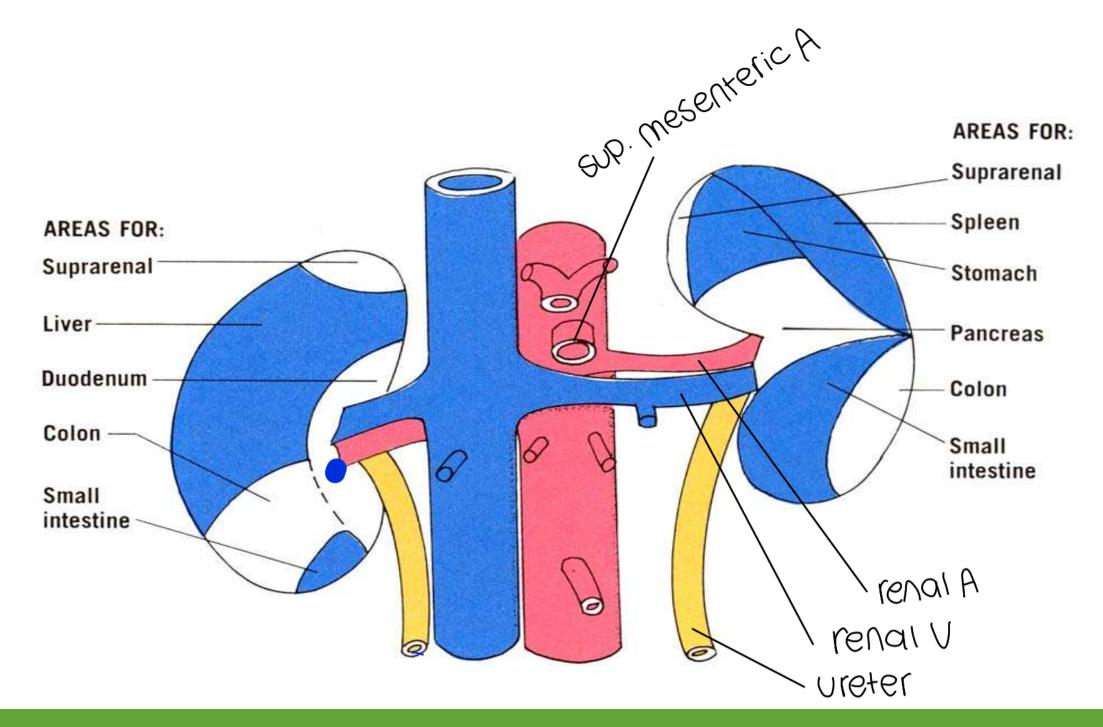
a) Parts of male urethra and its features

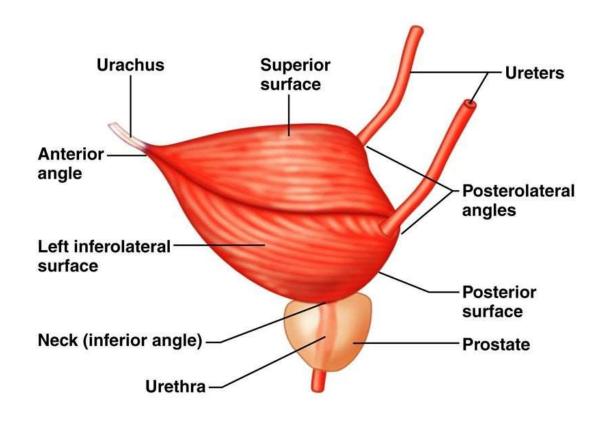


- Omedulla.
- 2 Cortex
- 3 renal column
- 4 renal papillae
- 6 minor Calyses
- 6 major Calybes
- 9 renal Peluis
- ® renal V
- 9 Ureter
- 1 renal A
- @ Segmental A
- 10 lobar A
- 13 inter lobar A
- 1 arcuate A
- 15 inter lobular A

Label the Diagram



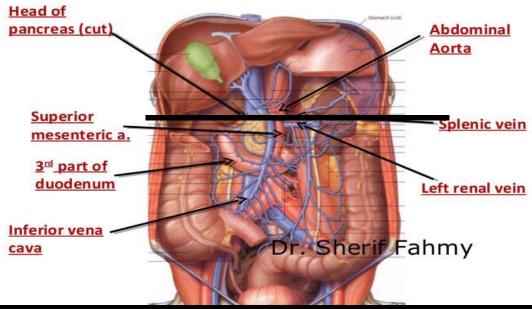


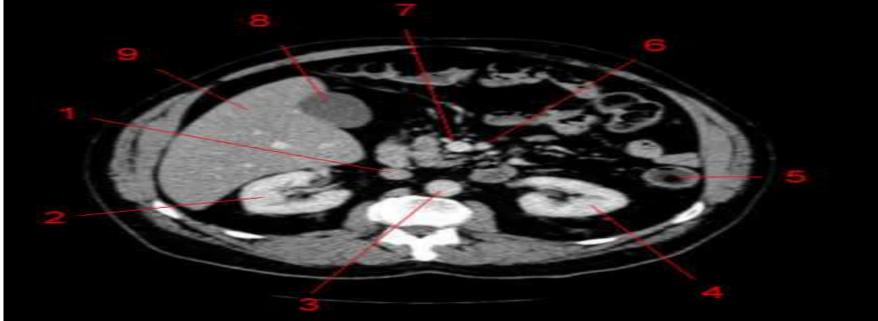


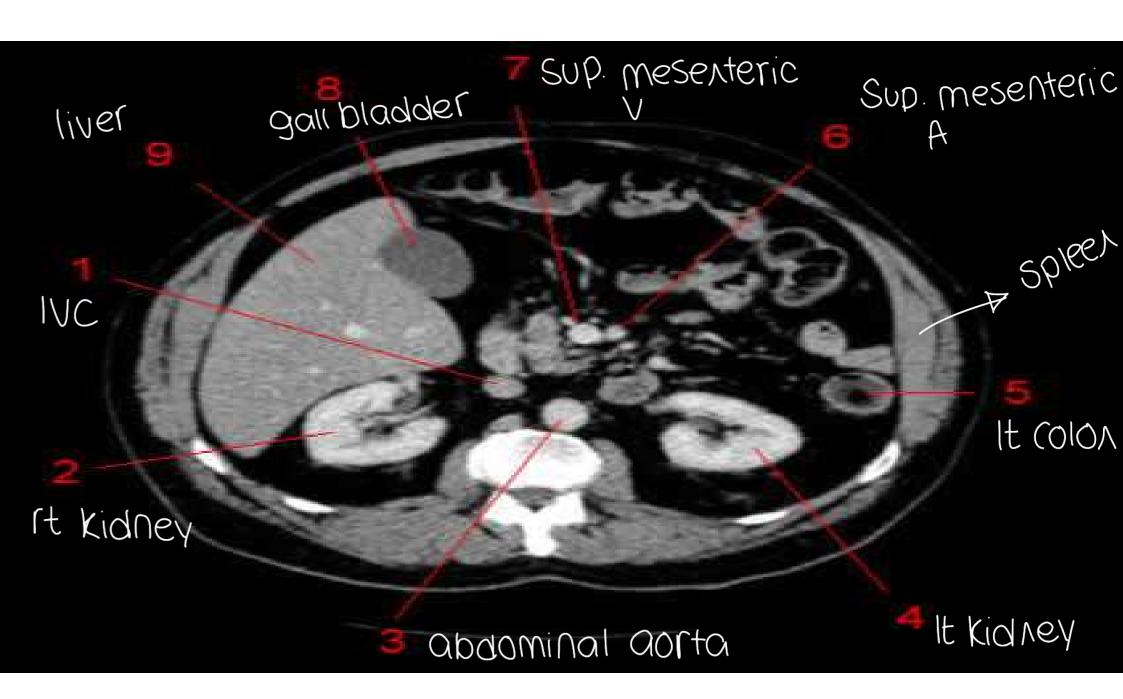
Mention the relation of urinary bladder In Male and Female

· Inferolat. Surface: retro pubic Space / Obturator int. / levator ani / Prostate (only o7) · apex: median umbilical liq.

• Sup. Surface of: Sigmoid / coils Of Small intestine • Literus / Supravaginal Ceruix / coils Of Small intestine • post (base) of: Seminal Vesicle / vas differens / rectum // 2: Vagina







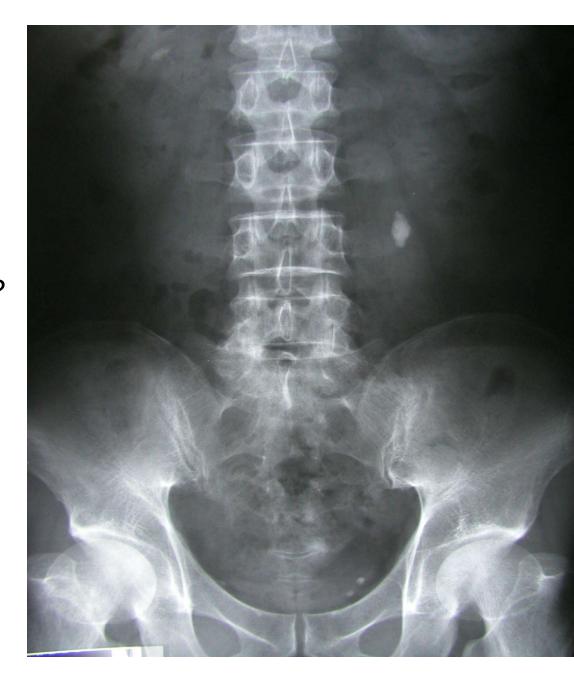
1. What is the type of this radiograph? 2. Where is the location of the stone? 3. Mark sites of ureteric constriction

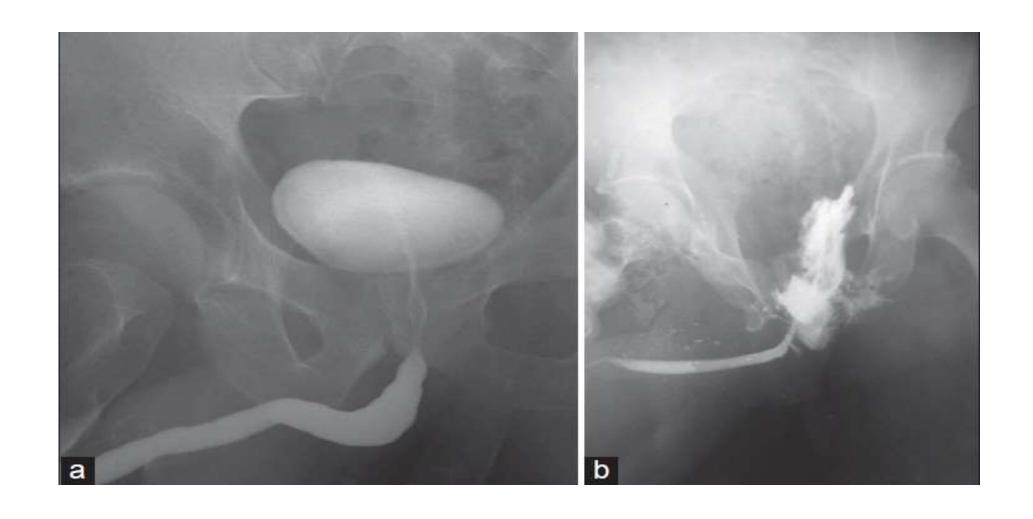
OKUB (Kidney- Ureter - bladder)

2 It Ureter at level L4

3 a-pervoureteric junction (L2)

b-Sacroiliac joint (Peluic brim) C-Ischial Spine (entry of bladder)





Which is abnormal urethrogram and why?

b (ruptured bladder)