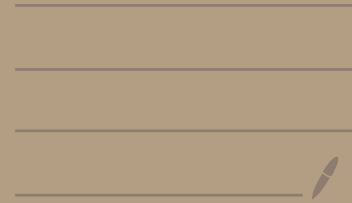


# Pharma past paper

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**Q5: Which of the following lipid lowering drugs are more effective at increasing HDL and lowering triglycerides:**

- a. Simvastatin
- b. Fenofibrate
- c. Probucof
- d. Cholestyramine

B

**Q6: The drug with gynecomastia and impotence side effect:**

- a. Spironolactone
- b. Pimobendane
- c. Captopril
- d. Niacin

A

**\*Q7: A treatment of angina that decrease the heart rate and prevent vasospastic angina attack:**

- a. Verapamil

- b. nitroglycerin
- c. Nifedipine
- d. Propranolol
- e. Isosorbide dinitrate

A

**Q8: Drug Cause gingiva hyperplasia:**

- a. Verapamil
- b. Diltiazem
- c. Amlodipine
- d. Nifedipine

D

**Q9: One of the following not part of organic nitrate mechanism?**

- a. eNOs
- b. Isosorbide dinitrate
- c. Isosorbide mononitrate
- d. Nitroglycerine

شیر متاثر کر اذا عن  
بی جوابه A

**Q10: How statins decrease synthesis of cholesterol:**

- a. Inhibition production of mevalonic acid

**Q12: Drug cause skin rashes and cutaneous vasodilation:**

- a. Fibrate
- b. Colestipol
- c. Niacin
- d. Statin

C

**Q14: True about reserpine:**

- a. Inhibits amine uptake into vesicles

**Q15: Cause angioedema:**

- a. Labetalol
- b. Losartan
- c. Lisinopril
- d. Verapamil

C

**Q19: Dobutamine used for:**

- a. cardiogenic shock
- b. hypertension
- c. heart block

A

**Q22: Angiotensin receptor blocker:**

- a. Captopril
- b. Losartan
- c. Lisinopril

B

**Q24: Drug that treat baldness:**

- a. Hydralazine
- b. Diazoxide
- c. Minoxidil

C

**Q26: The drugs which are useful in the treatment of heart failure and hypertension, can produce hyperkalemia but reduce salt and water retention are:**

- a. Angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors
- b. Vasodilators
- c. Angiotensin receptor blockers
- d. Digitalis
- e. Beta blockers

A